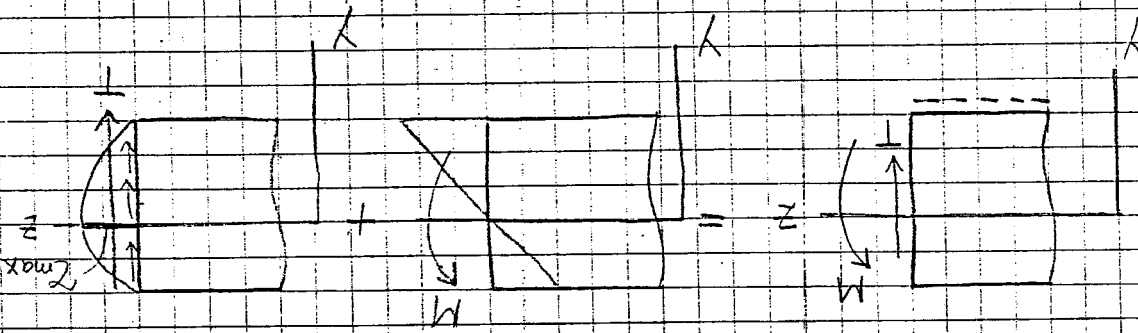


KESMELİ EĞİLMEDE KAYMA VE

NORMAL GERİLMELERİN KARŞILAŞTIRILMASI



$$\sigma_{max} = k \cdot \frac{F}{I}$$

$$\sigma_{max} = \frac{F}{I}$$

$$\sigma = \frac{M}{I} \cdot y$$

$$\sigma_{max} = \frac{M}{I} \cdot y_{max}$$

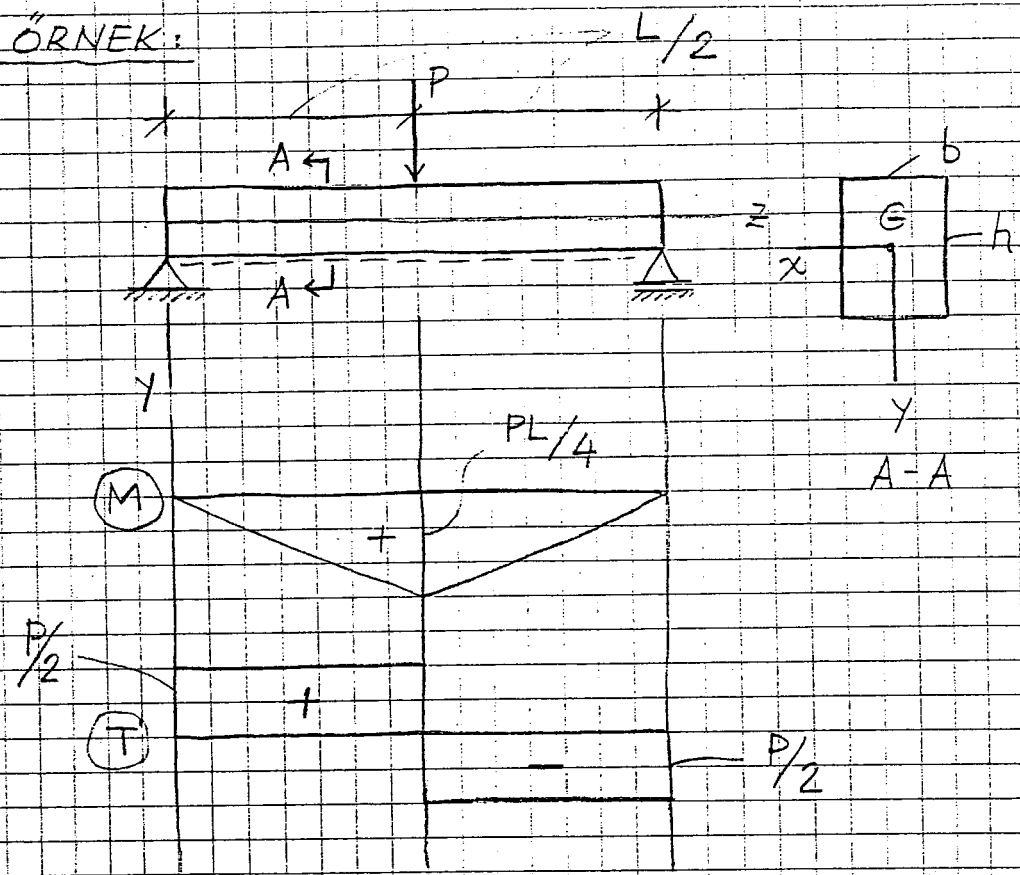
$$\sigma_{max} = \frac{M}{I} \cdot y_{max}$$

mesnet ve yükleme durumuna bağlı

$$\sigma_{max} = \frac{M}{I} \cdot y_{max}$$

*) oranın mertebesi hakkında bilgi edinmek için aşağıdaki örneği gözönüne alalım:

ÖRNEK:



$$\sigma_{\max} = \frac{M}{I_x} \quad \begin{matrix} \text{max } |M| \\ PL/4 \end{matrix}$$

$$\text{max } |\sigma| \quad \frac{bh^2}{6}$$

$$\Rightarrow \sigma_{\max} = \frac{PL/4^2}{bh^2/6^3} = \left\{ \frac{3}{2} \frac{PL}{bh^2} \right\}$$

$\sigma_{\max}$

$$Z_{\max} = k \frac{T}{F} \cdot \frac{\max |T|}{bh} \cdot \frac{P}{2}$$

$$= \frac{3}{2} \frac{P/2}{bh}$$

$$\Rightarrow \boxed{Z_{\max} = \frac{3}{4} \frac{P}{bh}}$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{Z_{\max}}{\sigma_{\max}} = \frac{3}{2} \frac{P}{4bh} \left(\frac{2}{3} \frac{bh^2}{PL} \right)$$

$$\Rightarrow \boxed{\frac{Z_{\max}}{\sigma_{\max}} = \frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{h}{L} \right)}$$

$$\frac{h}{L} = \frac{1}{10} \quad \text{also:}$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{Z_{\max}}{\sigma_{\max}} = \frac{1}{20}$$

Normal hallerde:

$$\boxed{Z_{\max} \ll \sigma_{\max}} \quad (*)$$

KESMELİ EĞİLME HALİNDE BOYUTLANDIRMA

(*) gözleminin ışığı altında kesmeli eğilme halinde boyutlandırma aşağıdaki basamaklar izlenerek yapılır:

Basamak 1:

Boyutlandırma eğilmeye göre yapılır.

$$\sigma_{em} = \sigma'_{em} \text{ ise:}$$

$$\sigma_{max} = \frac{M}{W_x} \leq \sigma_{em}$$

$$\sigma_{em} \neq \sigma'_{em} \text{ ise:}$$

$$\sigma = \frac{M}{I_x} y \Rightarrow \begin{matrix} \max \sigma_g \\ \max \sigma_b \end{matrix}$$

$\left(\begin{matrix} g \rightarrow \text{çekme} \\ b \rightarrow \text{basınç} \end{matrix} \right)$

$$\max \sigma_g \leq \sigma_{em}$$

$$|\max \sigma_b| \leq \sigma'_{em}$$

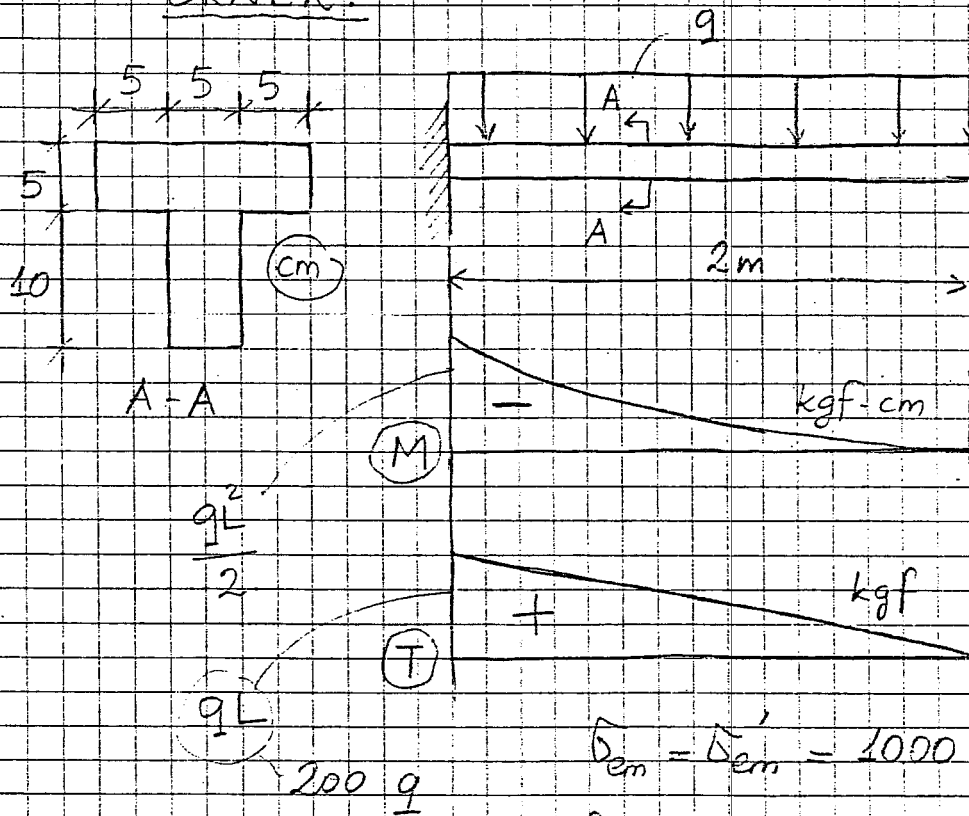


Basamak 2:

Boyutlandırmadan sonra
kayma gerilmesi için
kontrol yapılır.

$$\tau_{max} = k \frac{T}{F} \leq \tau_{em}$$

kayma emniyet
gerilmesi

ÖRNEK:

$$\tau_{em} = \tau'_{em} = 1000 \text{ kgf/cm}^2$$

$$\tau_{em} = 100 \text{ kgf/cm}^2$$

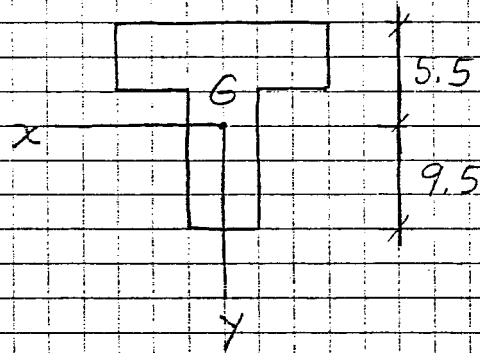
Kirişin emniyetle taşıyabileceği maximum q yükü soruluyor.

$$\left. \begin{array}{l} F \rightarrow \text{kgf} \\ L \rightarrow \text{cm} \end{array} \right\} \Rightarrow q \rightarrow \text{kgf/cm}$$

$$q \overset{200 \text{ cm}}{\overbrace{L}} = 200 q \text{ kgf}$$

$$\frac{qL^2}{2} = \frac{q}{2} (200)^2 = 20000 q \text{ kgf-cm}$$

Önce max " q " yı eğilmeye göre bulalım:



$$I_x \approx 2260 \text{ cm}^4$$

$$W_x = \frac{I_x}{h_{\max}} = \frac{2260}{9.5} \approx 238 \text{ cm}^3$$

$$\sigma_{\max} = \frac{\overset{\text{max } |M|}{\underbrace{M}}}{\underset{238}{\underbrace{W_x}}} \leq \underset{1000}{\underbrace{\sigma_{\text{em}}}} \quad \text{20000 q}$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{20000q}{238} \leq 1000$$

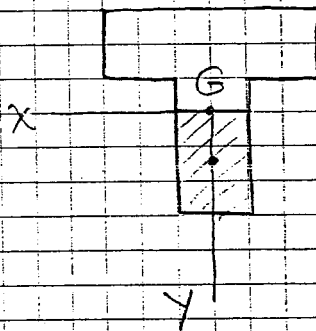
$$\Rightarrow q \leq 11.9 \text{ kg/cm}$$

$$\Rightarrow \boxed{q_{\max} = 11.9 \text{ kgf/cm}}$$

$q = q_{\max}$ için kayma gerilmesi kontrolü:

$$\tau_{\max} = \tau = \frac{TS'_x}{G(bI_x)} \max |T|$$

5 2260



$$S'_x = (5)(9.5) * \frac{9.5}{2}$$

$$= 226 \text{ cm}^3$$

$$T = \max |T| = q_{\max} * L$$

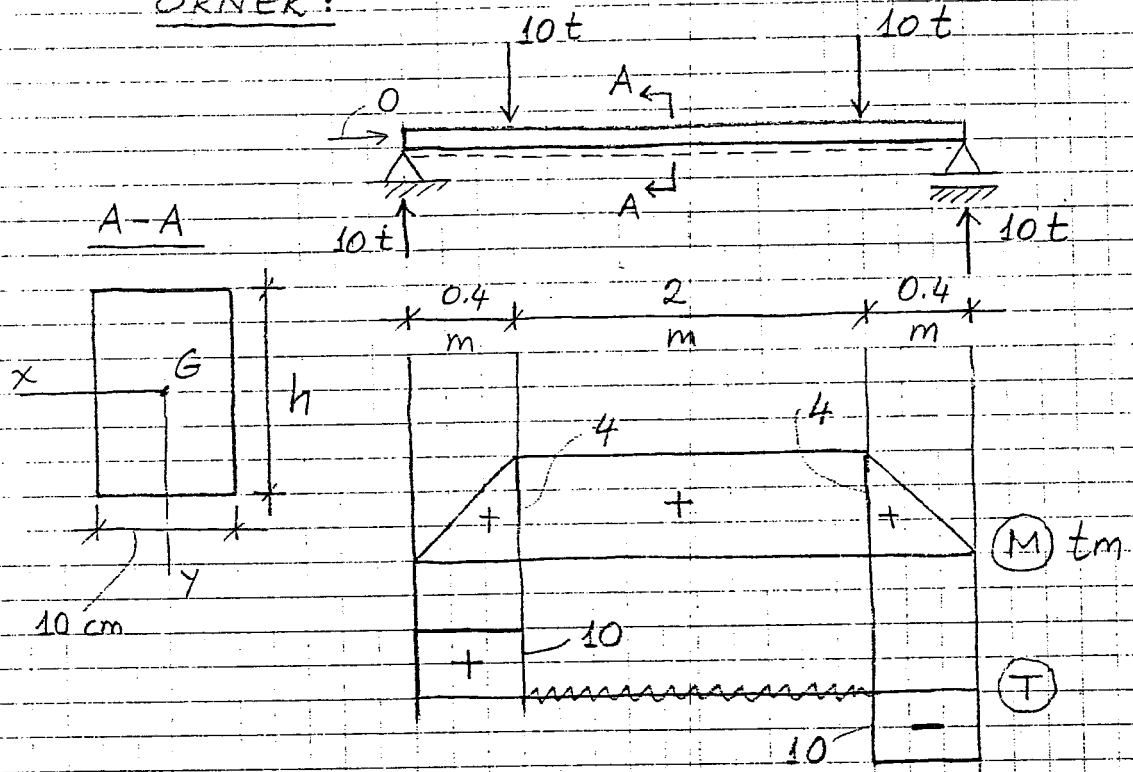
$$= (11.9) * (200)$$

$$= 2380 \text{ kgf}$$

$$\Rightarrow \tau_{\max} = 47.6 \text{ kgf/cm}^2 < 100$$

TAMAM ✓

ÖRNEK:



$$\sigma_{em} = \sigma'_{em} = 1000 \text{ kgf/cm}^2$$

$$\tau_{em} = 200 \text{ kgf/cm}^2$$

L → cm

Soru: h = ?

F → kgf

Eğilmeye göre boyutlandırma:

$$\frac{\max |M|}{W_x} \leq \sigma_{em} \quad (*)$$

1000

4 tm

$$4 \times 10^5 \text{ kgf-cm}$$

$$W_x = \frac{bh^2}{6} = \frac{(10)h^2}{6}$$

$$(*) \Rightarrow \frac{4 \times 10^5}{W_x} \leq 1000$$

$$\Rightarrow W_x = \frac{10h^3}{6} = 400 \text{ cm}^3$$

$$\Rightarrow h \geq \sqrt[3]{\frac{400 \times 6}{10}}$$

$$\Rightarrow h \geq 15.49 \text{ cm}$$

$$\text{SEG} \rightarrow h = 20 \text{ cm}$$

Kayma gerilmesi için kontrol:

$$\tau_{\max} = k \frac{T}{F} \frac{\max |T|}{10 \text{ t}} \frac{10000 \text{ kgf}}{10000 \text{ kgf}}$$

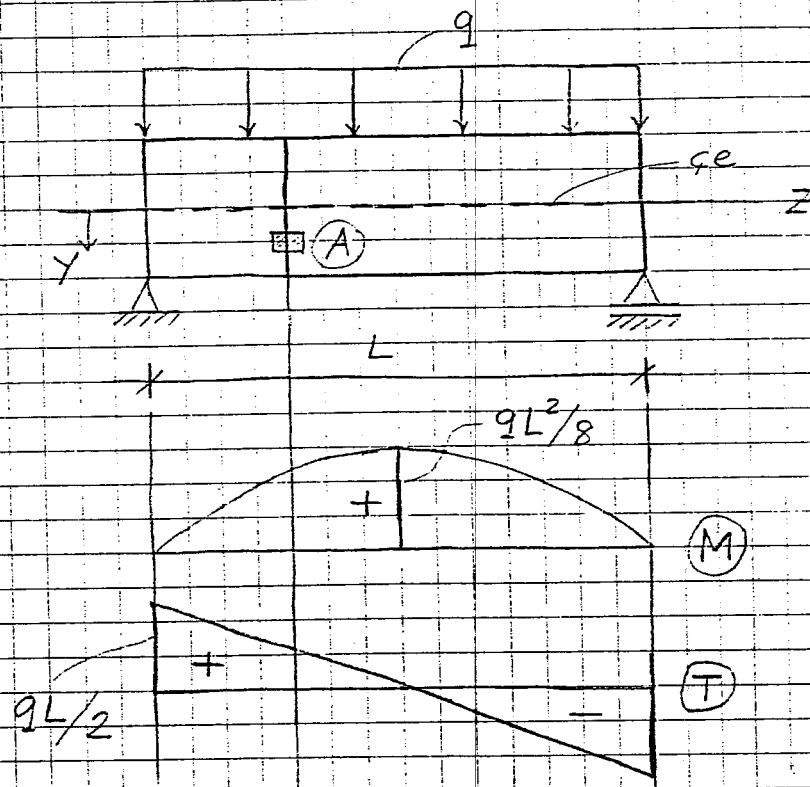
$\frac{3}{2}$ 200

$$\Rightarrow \tau_{\max} = 75 < 200 \text{ kgf/cm}^2$$

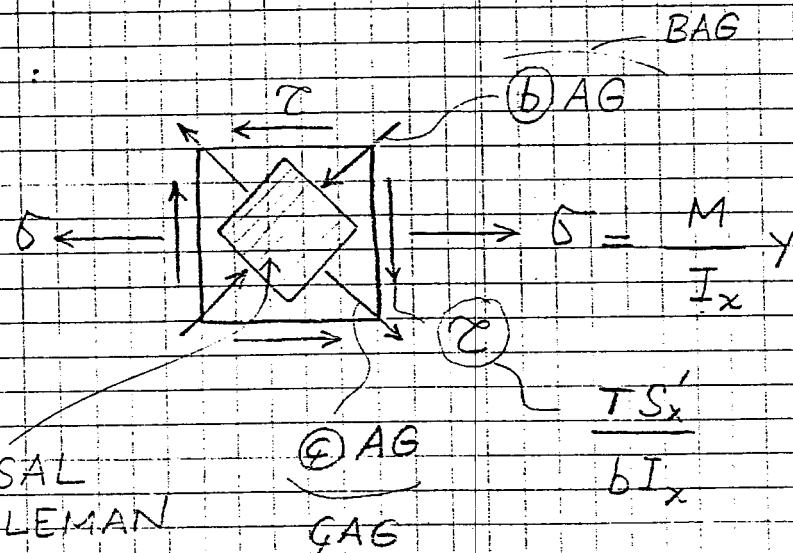
TAMAM ✓

ASAL GERİLME YÖRÜNGELERİ

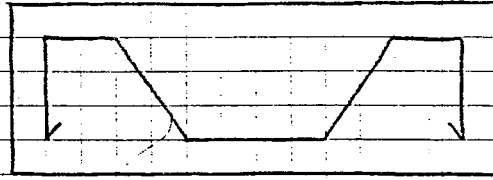
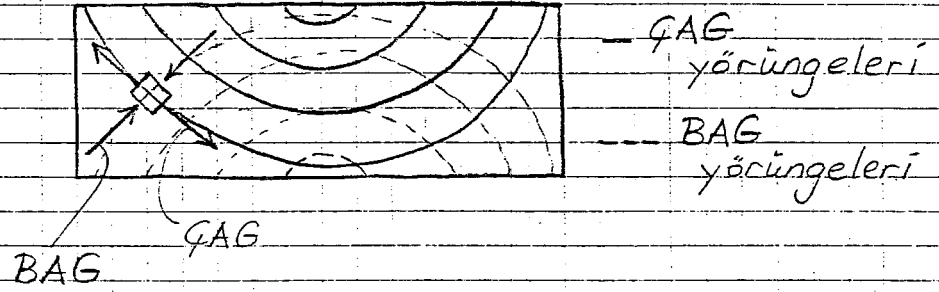
AG



(A) :



Asal gerilmelerin teğet olduğu eğrilere
asal gerilme yörüngeleri denir.



PİLYE

↳ (Ç) gerilmelerini almak için konuyor.

Betonarme bir kirişte çekme gerilmeleri Pilye'ler yardımıyla alınır.